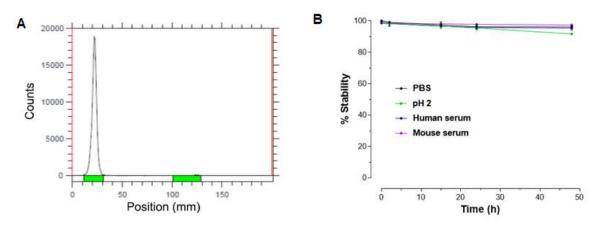
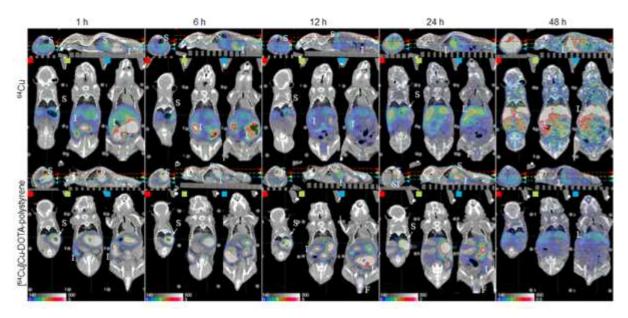


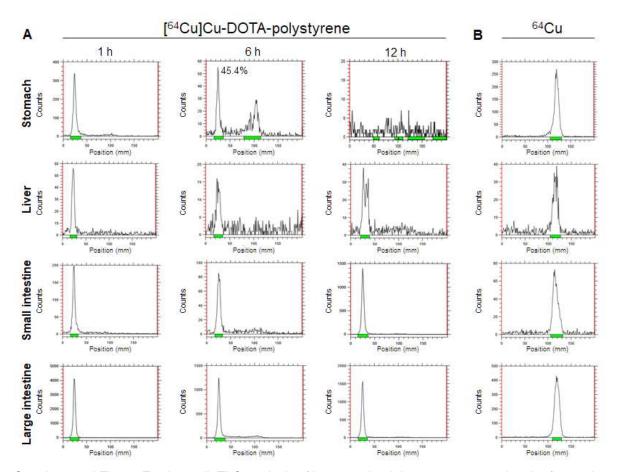
Supplemental Fig. 1. Chemical analysis of DOTA-polystyrene for confirmation of DOTA-conjugation. (A) Standard area curve of three different concentration of *p*-SCN-Bn-DOTA using high performance liquid chromatography (n=3) and moles of DOTA per polystyrene (mg) was determined using a standard curve. (B) Fourier-transform infrared spectrum, (i) *p*-SCN-Bn-DOTA, at 3335 cm⁻¹ the presence of amine groups was observed and the isothiocyanate motif vibration was shown at 2098 cm⁻¹. At 1724 cm⁻¹ the C=O stretch and at 1500 cm⁻¹ the aromatic C-C stretch was identified. The C-H stretch at 1400 cm⁻¹ and at C-N were identified (ii) amino-polystyrene, the C-H stretch was assigned at 3000-2800 cm⁻¹ and the N-H bend was observed at 1601 cm⁻¹ and the C-C stretch was observed at 1600-1400 cm⁻¹. At 720-685 cm⁻¹ the aromatic bend was shown. (iii) DOTA-polystyrene, the isothiocyanate region (2098 cm⁻¹) from *p*-SCN-Bn-DOTA was disappeared. At 3000-2800 cm⁻¹ the C-H stretch and at 1600-1400 cm⁻¹ the C-C stretch were observed. At 720-685 cm⁻¹ the aromatic bend was shown.



Supplemental Fig. 2. Radiochemical yield and stability of [⁶⁴Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene. (A) Standard area curve of three different concentration of *p*-SCN-Bn-DOTA using HPLC (n=3) and moles of DOTA per polystyrene (mg) was determined using a standard curve. (B) Radiochemical yield was analyzed using radioTLC developed in 0.1 M citric acid (left peak is [⁶⁴Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene and right peak is ⁶⁴Cu). (C) Relative stability results of [⁶⁴Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene in PBS, pH 2 buffer, human serum, or mouse serum (n=3).



Supplemental Fig. 3. The representative coronal, sagittal, and transverse image of PET/CT at 1, 6, 12, 24, and 48 h post administration of [64Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene or 64Cu. The image color map shows SUV value. Red, green, and blue lines indicate the same slice at different location (S, stomach; I, Intestine; L, liver; F, feces).



Supplemental Fig. 4. *Ex vivo*-radioTLC analysis of homogenized tissues at 1, 6, and 12 h after oral administration of [⁶⁴Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene (A) and [⁶⁴Cu]CuCl₂ (B). Instant TLCs were developed in 0.1 M citric acid (left peak is [⁶⁴Cu]Cu-DOTA-polystyrene and right peak is ⁶⁴Cu).