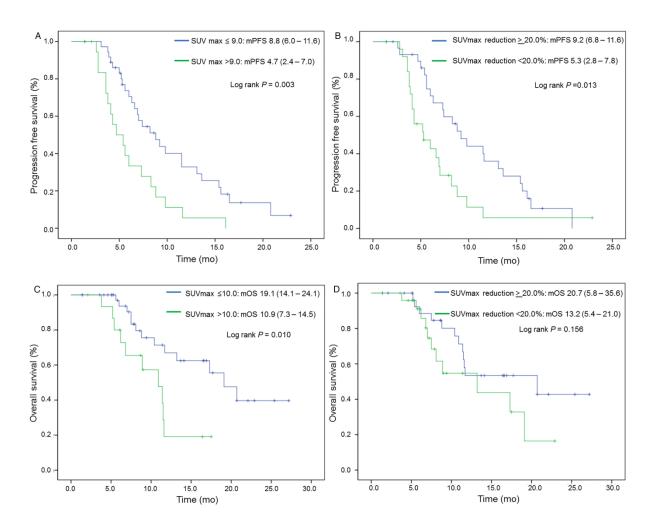


Supplemental FIGURE 1. Waterfall plot according to change in SUVmax and disease response according to RECIST 1.1 using the corresponding contrast-enhanced computed tomography method.



Supplemental FIGURE 2. Progression-free survival and overall survival according to the initial SUV_{max} (A and C) and SUV_{max} reduction at best metabolic response (B and D) among patients who achieved disease control.

Supplemental Table 1. Distribution of Initial SUV_{max} and ¹⁸F-FDG PET Response

Initial SUV _{max}		
Among all lesions, median (range)	8.6 (1.0–20.5)	
Among primary lesions, median (range)	3.9 (1.0–20.5)	
Among metastatic lesions, median (range)	5.8 (1.0–15.2)	
SUVmax reduction among all lesions at		
Best ¹⁸ F-FDG PET response (%), median (range)	9.5% (-162.5–88.8%)	
1st 18F-FDG PET evaluation (%), median (range)	5.2% (-162.5–85.3%)	
Initial number of organs with FDG uptake		
Median (range)	2 (0–5)	
Initial number of lesions with FDG uptake		
Median (range)	2 (0–41)	

Abbreviations: SUV, standardized uptake value; FDG, fluorodeoxyglucose; PET, positron emission tomography.

Supplemental Table 2. Initial SUV_{max} and SUV_{max} Reduction Cut-off to Predict PFS and OS

Initial SUV _{max}	P value for PFS	P value for OS	SUV _{max} reduction at best ¹⁸ F-FDG PET response	P value for PFS	P value for OS
5	0.201	0.12	<u>></u> -10.0%	< 0.001	0.921
6	0.171	0.106	<u>≥</u> 0.0%	< 0.001	0.146
7	0.057	0.077	≥10.0%	0.001	0.156
8	0.032	0.12	≥20.0%	< 0.001	0.074
9	0.002	0.047	<u>≥</u> 30.0%	0.005	0.096
10	0.007	0.003	<u>≥</u> 40.0%	0.005	0.08
11	0.065	0.016	<u>≥</u> 50.0%	0.029	0.119

Abbreviations: SUV, standardized uptake value; PFS, progression free survival; OS, overall survival; FDG, fluorodeoxyglucose; PET, positron emission tomography.

Supplemental Table 3. Comparison of Initial SUV_{max} According to Patient Characteristics

Characteristics	No.	$Mean \; SUV_{max} \pm SD$	P value
Age, y			0.893
≤ 65	43	8.0 ± 4.8	
> 65	32	8.2 ± 3.4	
Sex	5-2	0.2 – 0	0.811
Women	32	8.2 ± 4.0	
Men	43	8.0 ± 4.4	
Primary tumor origin			0.120
GB cancer	28	9.1 ± 4.9	
IHCC	22	8.1 ± 4.3	
EHCC	19	6.2 ± 3.0	
AoV cancer	6	8.9 ± 1.6	
Histologic Differentiation			0.233
WD	3	8.8 ± 4.5	
MD	38	6.4 ± 3.6	
PD	12	8.1 ± 3.4	
HER2 IHC			0.150
Neg to 1+	33	7.8 ± 3.6	
2 to 3+	10	9.8 ± 4.6	
c-MET IHC (cytoplasm)			0.875
Neg to 1+	36	8.1 ± 4.1	
2+ to 3+	7	7.9 ± 4.0	
c-MET IHC (membrane)			0.690
Neg to 1+	16	7.8 ± 3.4	
2+ to 3+	27	8.3 ± 4.4	
c-Myc			0.017
Neg	28	7.0 ± 3.2	
Pos	12	10.4 ± 5.2	
Initial presentation at enroll			0.001
Recurrent disease	40	6.6 ± 3.3	
Unresectable disease	35	9.8 ± 4.6	
CEA, ng/mL			0.089
≤5.0	53	7.5 ± 4.2	
>5.0	20	9.4 ± 4.2	
CA 19-9, U/mL			0.540
≤37.0	27	7.7 ± 4.3	
>37.0	46	8.3 ± 4.2	
WBC, /μL			0.001

≤10,000	69	7.6 ± 3.9	
>10,000	6	13.6 ± 4.3	
Total bilirubin, mg/dL			0.136
≤1.2	64	8.4 ± 4.2	
>1.2	11	6.3 ± 3.8	
Albumin, mg/dL			0.794
≤3.9	44	8.0 ± 4.4	
>3.9	31	8.2 ± 4.1	
Organs with FDG uptake			< 0.001
0 to 2	56	7.1 ± 3.9	
<u>≥</u> 3	19	11.0 ± 3.8	
Lesions with FDG uptake			< 0.001
0 to 2	41	6.6 ± 4.0	
<u>≥</u> 3	34	9.9 ± 3.8	
Objective response			0.414
Yes	12	9.1 ± 4.3	
No	60	8.0 ± 4.2	
Disease control			0.149
Yes	57	7.8 ± 4.1	
No	15	9.6 ± 4.2	

Abbreviations: SUV, standardized uptake value; SD, standard deviation; GB, gall bladder; IHCC, intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma; EHCC, extrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma; AoV, Ampulla of Vater; WD, well differentiated; MD, moderately differentiated; PD, poorly differentiated; HER-2, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; CEA, carcinoembryonic antigen; CA 19-9, carbohydrate antigen 19-9; WBC, white blood cell; FDG, fluorodeoxyglucose.