to publications in the Seminars of Nuclear Medicine. Also the Table of Contents erroneously describes Appendix 2 as "Dosage of Radiopharmaceuticals in Children." Appendix 2 actually is a table of absorbed radiation doses to embryo from radiopharmaceuticals administered to mothers. These minor details, however, do not significantly detract from this otherwise excellent compilation of basic information in the specialty of nuclear medicine.

The book is addressed to residents in radiology, physicians in training in nuclear medicine, technologists, and also to nonnuclear specialists who might want an overview of the available procedures including their applications and limitations. Physicians active in this field will be familiar with most of its contents and are, therefore, not its intended audience.

I recommend this book enthusiastically as a general introductory text on nuclear medicine and as a valuable addition to both nuclear medicine and interdepartmental medical libraries.

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Books Received

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The Radiotherapy of Malignant Disease. E. C. Easson, R. C. S. Pointon, Eds. New York, Springer-Verlag, New York, 474 pp, \$69.00

Positron Emission Tomography. M. Reivich, A. Alavi, Eds. New York, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 1985, 492 pp, \$79.50

An Introduction to Emission Computed Tomography. E. D. Williams, Ed. London, The Institute of Physical Sciences in Medicine, 1985, 65 pp, £9.50

Radionuclide Imaging Techniques. P. F. Sharp, P. P. Dendy, W. I. Keyes. Orlando, Academic Press, 1985, 271 pp, \$63.50