

BOOKS RECEIVED

Nuclear Medicine Annual 1982. Leonard M. Freeman and Heidi S. Weissman, Eds. New York, Raven Press, 1982, 420 pp, \$49.00

Proceedings of the Third International Symposium in Radiopharmaceutical Dosimetry. Evelyn E. Watson, Audrey T. Schlafke-Stelson, Jack L. Coffey, Roger J. Cloutier, Eds. Rockville, MD, Bureau of Radiological Health, 1981, 669 pp, No charge for one copy

Radionuclides in Nephrology. A.M. Joekes, A.R. Constable, N.J.G. Brown, W.N. Tauxe, Eds. New York, Grune & Stratton Inc., 1982, 300 pp, \$39.50

Quality Control and Data Analysis in Binder-Ligand Assay, Volumes 1 & 2. R.P. Channing Rodgers, MD, Anaheim, CA, Scientific Newsletters, Inc., 1981, 355 pp, Vol. 1—\$36.00, Vol. 2—\$38.50

Radiology of the Emergency Patient. Edward I. Greenbaum, MD, Ed. New York, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 831 pp, \$72.95

Erratum

In the article entitled "Thyroid Uptake Measurements with I-123: Problems and Pitfalls: Concise Communication," JNM Vol. 23, No. 8 (August); 667-670, 1982, one author was inadvertently omitted. The correct listing of authors on the Table of Contents and on p.667 is: Shanta Chervu, L. Rao Chervu, Paul N. Goodwin, David M. Milstein, Leonard M. Freeman, M. Donald Blaufox.

Erratum

In the article entitled "Imaging of Brain Tumors after Administration of L-(N-13) Glutamate: Concise Communication," JNM Vol. 23, No. 8 (August), 682-687, 1982, Table 1 (p.684) should be replaced with the table shown below.

TABLE 1. COMPARISON OF L-(N-13)GLUTAMATE, PERTECHNETATE (Tc-99m) AND TCT FINDINGS IN PATIENTS WITH MALIGNANT INTRACRANIAL TUMORS

Case	Age/ Sex	Histological diagnosis	Glu scan	TcO ₄ ⁻ Scan	Tumor-to- normal ratio		TCT findings*
					Glu	TcO ₄ ⁻	
1	21/M	Embryonal pineal carcinoma	++	++	2.2	2.8	Extensive tumor blush, posterior third ventricle
2	7/M	CNS dysgerminoma	+	NP			Calcific density R. temporal region
3	9/F	Pineoblastoma	++	++	2.8	2.7	Large area of contrast enhancement involving both thalami.
4	13/M	Poorly differentiated glial tumor	-	NP			Small posterior contrast-enhancing lesion
5	7/F	Primitive neuroepithelial tumor	+++	+++	7.1	2.3	Diffuse low-density area, L. frontal lobe
6	14/F	Medulloblastoma	++	+	2.4	1.8	Posterior-fossa mass extending into L. thalamus
		Medulloblastoma†	+	+			Decrease in size of thalamic lesion
7	10/M	Primary cerebral neuroblastoma, desmoplastic variety	+++	+++	3.2	2.9	Large lobulated mass involving both frontal lobes
8	16/F	Grade III astrocytoma	-	-			No definite mass, but small area of increased density at site of craniotomy
9	5/F	Medulloblastoma	-	++			Areas of contrast enhancement near left sylvian fissure and great longit. fissure
10	8/M	Medulloblastoma	+	-			Enhancing mass just behind fourth ventricle
11	4/F	Meningeal sarcoma	++	++			Density in R. superficial parietal lobe
12	10/F	Primary cerebral neuroblastoma, desmoplastic variety	+++	NP			Area of increased density, R. frontal lobe, with surrounding edema

* Patient 8 had no contrast study. All the remaining patients had evidence of contrast enhancement in the tumor region.

† Second study performed after therapy with neuraxis RT and vincristine. NP = not performed.