nuclide-labeled antibodies against specific tumour antigens, and tumour treatment.

This text contains 12 excellent sessions which will provide the reader with a large amount of valuable information on TLA. This publication reviews the topic of TLA from known daily applications to potential uses. It should be "must" reading for nuclear medicine physicians, and would be of value to other physicians—particularly cancer specialists—to help them keep abreast on the applications of TLA in the initial and followup evaluation of the cancer patient.

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The purpose of the Manual on Radiation Protection in Hospitals and General Practice, of which this is volume 4, is to present information on a subject that has received little attention in the international literature. The manual is a joint effort of the International Labour Organization, the International Atomic Energy Agency, and the World Health Organization.

The volume includes nine chapters and a brief index. The first two chapters discuss the need for radiation protection in the field of dentistry and responsibilities of the dentist and the public. The next four chapters deal with technical matters such as the equipment used, radiographic film, film processing, and radiographic techniques. Chapters seven and eight discuss the exposure dose received by the patient and methods to insure that excessive radiation will not be received by the patients or technical staff. The last chapter details the educational training needed to control radiation exposure in dentistry.

This short booklet is a useful review of the problem of radiation exposure in dentistry. It, along with the other volumes in this series, should prove highly useful for those concerned about controlling the level of radiation exposure in medical practice.

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BOOKS RECEIVED

The receipt of the following books is acknowledged:
