

Status of immunoPET: Wright and Lapi provide a brief review of the use of positron-emitting isotopes in tracking and imaging the localization of monoclonal antibodies and discuss the advancement of these technologies into clinical use. *Page 1171*

Tumor hypoxia imaging in NSCLC: Bollineni and colleagues look at the potential added clinical value of the specific hypoxia tracer ¹⁸F-fluoroazomycin arabinoside over that of ¹⁸F-FDG in assessment of treatment in advanced-stage non-small cell lung cancer. *Page 1175*

¹¹C-tariquidar/¹¹C-elacridar in humans: Bauer and colleagues investigate the suitability of these 2 radiolabeled P-glycoprotein and breast cancer resistance protein inhibitors for PET evaluation of P-glycoprotein density in the human brain. *Page 1181*

Response quantification with SUV metrics: Vanderhoek and colleagues explore the impact of different standardized uptake value measures on quantification and classification of PET-based treatment response. *Page 1188*

PET and survival in prostate cancer: Jadvar and colleagues correlate parameters derived from baseline ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT with overall survival in men with castrate-resistant metastatic prostate cancer and discuss the implications for comparing effectiveness in treatment strategies. *Page 1195*

Prediction of post-SIRT survival: Fendler and colleagues investigate the value of ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT metabolic parameters in predicting survival after selective internal radiation therapy in patients with hepatic metastases from colorectal cancer. *Page 1202*

¹⁸F-FLT PET and FOLFOX response: Hong and colleagues assess the use of ¹⁸F-FLT PET for early prediction of standard anatomic response and survival outcomes in patients with metastatic colorectal cancer receiving leucovorin, 5-fluorouracil, and oxaliplatin. *Page 1209*

¹⁸F-FET PET in antiangiogenic treatment: Heinzel and colleagues evaluate the clinical utility and cost-effectiveness

of the addition of ¹⁸F-FET PET to structural MR imaging in management of patients with recurrent high-grade glioma treated with bevacizumab and irinotecan. *Page 1217*

PET in Merkel cell staging: Siva and colleagues determine the effect of ¹⁸F-FDG PET on prognostic stratification and management of Merkel cell carcinoma. *Page 1223*

PET/CT and ¹³¹I therapy: Lee and colleagues look at the clinical benefit of ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT performed concurrently with ¹³¹I therapy in patients with differentiated thyroid carcinoma and intermediate-to-high risk of recurrent disease. *Page 1230*

MR, PET, and pediatric brain tumors: Zukotynski and colleagues describe a method for registering PET with MR permeability images to correlate ¹⁸F-FDG uptake, permeability, and cerebral blood volumes in pediatric brain tumors and compare these results with outcomes. *Page 1237*

Imaging marrow involvement in DLBCL: Berthet and colleagues compare ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT and bone marrow biopsy for detection of bone marrow involvement in patients with newly diagnosed diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. *Page 1244*

SPECT and occupational radiation exposure: Duvall and colleagues assess the effects of changes in stress myocardial perfusion imaging protocols and high-efficiency SPECT camera technology in reducing occupational radiation exposure in a nuclear cardiology laboratory. *Page 1251*

PET and MVO₂: Wong and colleagues determine whether ¹¹C-acetate PET can be used to quantify myocardial oxygen consumption in the hypertrophied right ventricle in patients with idiopathic pulmonary arterial hypertension. *Page 1258*

GABA-A receptor imaging in cerebral palsy: Park and colleagues use ¹⁸F-fluoroflumazenil PET to investigate alterations in γ -aminobutyric acid-A receptor binding and functional and anatomic connectivity in the motor cortex in children with hemiplegic cerebral palsy. *Page 1263*

¹⁸F-FMZ PET in epilepsy: Vivash and colleagues report on the results of a phase I/IIa study of the clinical use of ¹⁸F-FMZ PET for localization of epileptogenic zones in patients with drug-resistant temporal lobe epilepsy. *Page 1270*

Olfactory tract and cortical metabolism: Cross and colleagues use ¹⁸F-FDG PET and diffusion tensor imaging to investigate the relationship of fiber tract integrity in the olfactory tract with cortical glucose metabolism in cognitively normal controls and individuals with mild cognitive impairment. *Page 1278*

Kinetic modeling of ¹⁸F-JNJ-42259152: Van Laere and colleagues detail initial brain kinetic modeling of this novel phosphodiesterase-10A PET tracer and evaluate test-retest reproducibility in healthy volunteers. *Page 1285*

^{99m}Tc-MAA distribution and ⁹⁰Y-microspheres: Wondergem and colleagues determine the value of pretreatment ^{99m}Tc-macroaggregated albumin SPECT in predicting final activity distribution in ⁹⁰Y-microsphere radioembolization for primary or metastatic liver malignancies. *Page 1294*

¹¹C-ITMM PET in humans: Toyohara and colleagues report on the safety, distribution, radiation dosimetry, and initial imaging of this agent for mapping metabotropic glutamate receptor type 1 in the brain. *Page 1302*

α 4 β 2-nAChR imaging: Wong and colleagues describe safety, test-retest reliability, and initial quantification in humans of ¹⁸F-AZAN, a novel radiotracer that binds to α 4 β 2 nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. *Page 1308*

Radioiodinated VAP-1 antibody: Autio and colleagues evaluate the performance of a fully human monoclonal anti-vascular adhesion protein-1 antibody in rabbits and discuss the clinical potential for imaging inflammation and for antiinflammatory therapy. *Page 1315*

TSPO genotype and ¹¹C-PBR28 SUV: Yoder and colleagues look at whether standardized uptake value measurements in

brain ^{11}C -PBR28 PET imaging can distinguish translocator protein 18 kDa affinity phenotypes in humans. **Page 1320**

Skeletal imaging with SPECT/flat-panel CT: Lohrmann and colleagues assess the impact of high-resolution cone-beam CT with flat-panel detectors on interpretation of bone SPECT in diseases of the peripheral skeleton. **Page 1323**

Pharmacokinetics of $(\text{EH})_3$ conjugates: Eder and colleagues provide biodistribution data on the ability of the $(\text{EH})_3$ purification tag to improve the pharmacokinetic properties of peptidic radiopharmaceuticals, with a focus on enhanced clearance from critical organs. **Page 1327**

Imaging dopaminergic neurotransmission: Tatsch and Poepperl provide an educational update on nigrostriatal dopamine terminal imaging, with emphasis on SPECT performed with the presynaptic dopamine transporter ligand ^{123}I -FP-CIT in patients with known or suspected parkinsonian syndrome. **Page 1331**

^{18}F -EF5 PET and antihypoxic therapy: Chitneni and colleagues evaluate the usefulness of ^{18}F -EF5 PET imaging to monitor and predict tumor response to the hypoxia-activated prodrug SN30000 plus radiation treatment. **Page 1339**

Cell-level activity quantification: Chouin and colleagues present a method for ex vivo activity quantification with an α -camera device, allowing activity measurement in tumor cells in very small biologic structures, with potential for small-scale dosimetry and targeted α -therapy. **Page 1347**

PET imaging with ^{18}F -FDM: Furumoto and colleagues describe a practical method for synthesis of this mannose derivative and stereoisomer of ^{18}F -FDG and offer additional biologic evidence of its potential for tumor imaging. **Page 1354**

PET and osteosarcoma: Campanile and colleagues characterize the different phenotypes of osteosarcoma by PET, comparing the uptake of ^{18}F -FDG, ^{18}F -FMISO, and ^{18}F -fluoride in preclinical mouse models that reflect the heterogeneity of the human disease. **Page 1362**

$^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -PSMA inhibitors: Hillier and colleagues describe preclinical evaluation of 4

novel $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -labeled small-molecule inhibitors of prostate-specific membrane antigen with potential for molecular imaging of prostate cancer in humans. **Page 1369**

^{11}C -SA4503 uptake in pituitary tumors: Ramakrishnan and colleagues detail the kinetics of this PET tracer in tumor and brain in rats to explore its utility in detection of overexpression of σ -1 receptors in pituitary tumors. **Page 1377**

ARBs and ^{18}F -FDG uptake: Zhao and colleagues examine the effects of angiotensin II receptor blockers on ^{18}F -FDG distribution and excretion in mice treated with telmisartan at different doses and discuss implications for clinical PET practice. **Page 1384**

Pretargeted PET using click chemistry: Zeglis and colleagues report on the development of a methodology for pretargeted PET imaging with the potential for high-quality images and dramatically reduced nontarget radiation doses to patients. . . . **Page 1389**

Imaging of radiation injuries: Johnson and colleagues describe a technique using a γ -camera and $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -tetracycline HCl to image temporal and spatial distribution of damage in susceptible tissues after high-dose radiation exposure. **Page 1397**

Intratumoral distribution of ^{177}Lu -mAbs: Örbom and colleagues investigate the distribution of ^{177}Lu -DOTA-BR96 monoclonal antibodies targeting the Lewis Y antigen over 7 d using a syngeneic rat model of colon carcinoma. **Page 1404**

^{18}F -CPFPX model validation: Elmenhorst and colleagues report on the development and evaluation of practical pharmacokinetic models for quantification of the cerebral A_1 adenosine receptor in high-resolution PET. **Page 1411**

^{18}F -labeled tracers for τ imaging: Okamura and colleagues detail the development of novel ^{18}F -labeled arylquinoline derivatives, ^{18}F -THK-5105 and ^{18}F -THK-5117, for use in PET imaging of the microtubule-associated protein τ in neurofibrillary tangles in Alzheimer disease. **Page 1420**

Ketamine and 5-HT $_2\text{A}$ receptor binding: Waelbers and colleagues use SPECT to investigate the brain kinetics of ^{123}I -I-

R91150, a 5-HT $_2\text{A}$ receptor antagonist, and the influence of ketamine on post-synaptic serotonin-2A receptor status in cats. **Page 1428**

^{11}C -PIB PET in transgenic mice: Snellman and colleagues assess the ability of ^{11}C -Pittsburgh compound B PET to detect changes over time in β -amyloid deposition in the brains of 3 transgenic mouse models of Alzheimer disease. **Page 1434**

SPECT imaging of VCAM-1: Dimastromatteo and colleagues explore the ability of twenty $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -labeled major histocompatibility complex 1-derived peptide B2702p derivatives to facilitate imaging of vascular cell adhesion molecule 1 in an experimental model of atherosclerosis. **Page 1442**

Systemic NIS gene therapy: Grünwald and colleagues use the sodium iodide symporter as a theranostic gene to investigate whether coating adenovirus with synthetic dendrimers could be useful in developing adenoviral vectors for combined oncolytic virotherapy and NIS-mediated radiotherapy. **Page 1450**

Imaging GLP-1R in pancreas: Selvaraju and colleagues evaluate ^{68}Ga -labeled exendin-4 for PET imaging and quantification of glucagonlike peptide 1 receptor-specific tissue uptake in vivo and discuss the implications for imaging native β -cells. . . . **Page 1458**

Phantom fluids for PET/MR: Ziegler and colleagues consider and assess different approaches to fluid selection for simultaneous PET/MR phantom imaging. **Page 1464**

Adaptive template registration: Lundqvist and colleagues propose the use of an adaptive template registration method to overcome challenges in spatial normalization of PET amyloid imaging data. **Page 1472**

FDA approval of diagnostic drugs: Gorovets and colleagues review specific approved diagnostic radiopharmaceuticals to illustrate the ways in which imaging performance is characterized in clinical studies and the clinical usefulness of imaging information included in drug labels. **Page 1479**

Cardiac SPECT/CT and PET/CT 1.0: Dorbala and expert colleagues from the SNMMI, ASCC, and SCCT provide the full text of the latest collaborative guideline on cardiac SPECT/CT and PET/CT. . . . **Page 1485**