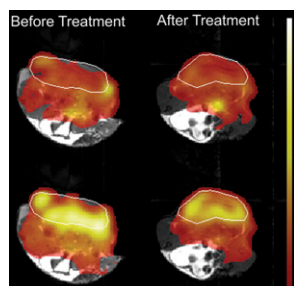
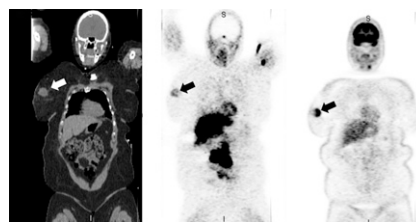


MRI and tumor biochemistry: Gallagher and colleagues provide an overview of hyperpolarized ^{13}C MR spectroscopic imaging and compare sensitivity, spatial and temporal resolution, and risks with those of PET imaging. **Page 1333**



P-selectin cardiovascular imaging: Boersma and colleagues look at the potential challenges for imaging this adhesion molecule and activation marker in atherosclerotic disease and preview a related article in this issue of *JNM*. **Page 1337**

^{18}F -fluoropaclitaxel PET/CT: Kurdziel and colleagues describe radiation dosimetry and imaging studies in healthy adults and women with breast cancer and the potential for use of intratumoral ^{18}F -fluoropaclitaxel distribution as a surrogate for paclitaxel in solid tumors. . . . **Page 1339**



Hand-held preoperative SLN camera: Kerrou and colleagues compare the effectiveness of a hand-held preoperative compact γ -camera for sentinel lymph node detection in breast cancer with that of conventional lymphoscintigraphy. **Page 1346**

Network assessment of lymphoma RIT: Hohloch and colleagues present the work

of the Radioimmunotherapy Network, a Web-based international registry collecting long-term observational data about radioimmunotherapy-treated patients with malignant lymphoma outside randomized clinical studies. **Page 1354**

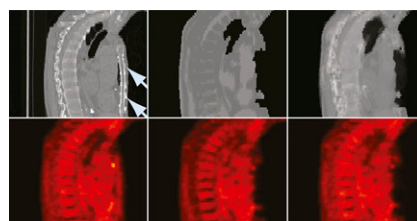
Quality of life after ^{177}Lu -octreotate: Khan and colleagues investigate quality of life and symptoms after therapy with this peptide-receptor radionuclide therapy in patients with inoperable or metastasized gastroenteropancreatic or bronchial neuroendocrine tumors. **Page 1361**

Coronary function and metabolic syndrome: Di Carli and colleagues explore the hypothesis that metabolic syndrome is associated with impaired coronary vasodilator function, a marker of atherosclerotic disease activity. **Page 1369**

^{123}I -MIBG uptake in pulmonary emphysema: Suga and colleagues evaluate impaired lung uptake of ^{123}I -MIBG on SPECT in patients with pulmonary emphysema and compare the results with those from perfusion SPECT and morphologic CT. **Page 1378**

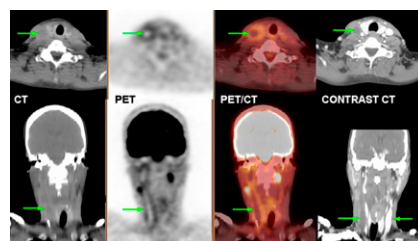
PET and cervical myelopathy: Floeth and colleagues investigate the role of ^{18}F -FDG PET in patients with degenerative stenosis of the cervical spinal cord and look at correlations with postsurgical outcomes. **Page 1385**

MRI-based AC for PET/MR: Hofmann and colleagues assess 2 algorithms for whole-body MRI-based PET attenuation correction and describe potential benefits for routine clinical hybrid PET/MRI. **Page 1392**



SPECT and carotid endarterectomy: Sato and colleagues research the ability of pre-operative central benzodiazepine receptor binding potential and cerebral blood flow imaging with SPECT to identify patients at risk for new cerebral ischemic events after carotid endarterectomy. **Page 1400**

Thrombus in aneurysm on PET/CT: Muzaffar and colleagues evaluate the incidence of aneurysm and the frequency of thrombus within an aneurysm on unenhanced ^{18}F -FDG PET/CT studies. **Page 1408**

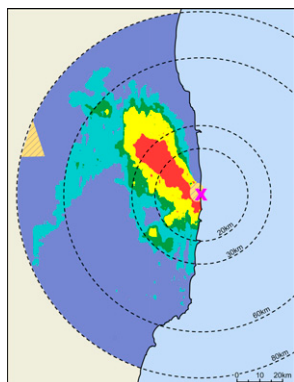


Somatostatin receptor antagonist imaging: Wild and colleagues describe somatostatin receptor antagonist imaging studies in patients with metastatic thyroid carcinoma or neuroendocrine tumors and discuss the advantages such imaging would provide in peptide receptor-mediated imaging and therapy. **Page 1412**

^{131}I -MIBG extravasation: Bonta and colleagues report on a new catheter placement protocol for therapeutic administration of ^{131}I -MIBG and detail the extravasation incident that prompted institution of this protocol. **Page 1418**



Fukushima accident response perspectives: Dauer and colleagues offer an educational review of the short-term chronology, radiologic consequences, emergency responses, and long-term challenges associated with the March 2011 nuclear power facility events in Japan. **Page 1423**



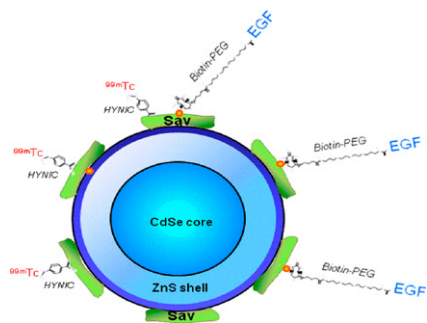
P-selectin imaging with ^{99m}Tc -fucoidan: Rouzet and colleagues propose a new approach to molecular imaging of overexpression of platelet and endothelial P-selectin. **Page 1433**

^{18}F -octreotate PET: Leyton and colleagues compare in vitro affinity and tissue pharmacokinetics of 5 structurally related $^{19}\text{F}/^{18}\text{F}$ -fluoroethyltriazole-Tyr³-octreotate analogs and discuss the potential for more rapid clinical protocols for gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumor imaging with PET. **Page 1441**

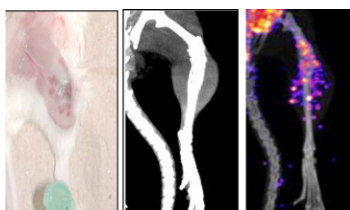
α_7 nAChR PET tracer: Ettrup and colleagues offer details on ^{11}C -NS14492, a selective α_7 nicotinic acetylcholine receptor agonist PET radioligand that

may prove useful in evaluation and selection of appropriate drug candidates in schizophrenia and Alzheimer disease. **Page 1449**

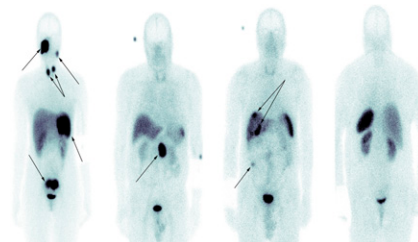
Quantum dot EGFR imaging: Jung and colleagues explore the potential of a novel quantum dot-based technique targeting the epidermal growth factor receptor, with promise for quantitatively monitoring receptor status and treatment response in breast cancer. **Page 1457**



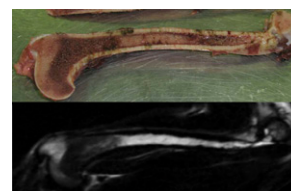
RIT agent for AML: Leyton and colleagues characterize ^{111}In -nuclear translocation sequence-7G3, an Auger electron-emitting radioimmunotherapeutic agent with potentially beneficial applications in acute myelogenous leukemia. **Page 1465**



Dosimetry of ^{99m}Tc -HYNIC-TOC: Grimes and colleagues report on the biodistribution and radiation dosimetry of this somatostatin receptor-targeting agent in patients with suspected neuroendocrine tumors undergoing whole-body dynamic planar and SPECT/CT imaging. **Page 1474**



MRI assessment of marrow cellularity: Pichardo and colleagues extend the IDEAL technique for estimating fat fractions to the derivation of data for estimation of patient-specific bone marrow mass using published predictive equations. **Page 1482**



First-in-human study of BMS747158: Maddahi and colleagues evaluate radiation dosimetry, biodistribution, safety, tolerability, and early elimination in urine of a single injected dose of this ^{18}F -labeled myocardial perfusion imaging tracer that targets mitochondrial complex I. **Page 1490**

ON THE COVER

^{99m}Tc -fucoidan has been found to be a relevant imaging agent for in vivo detection of biologic activities associated with P-selectin overexpression, such as arterial thrombus and ischemic memory, and overcomes some limitations of previous P-selectin-targeted agents. In the above SPECT/CT slices of a rat with aortic valve endocarditis, ^{99m}Tc -fucoidan uptake is seen in the aortic valve area.

See page 1436.

