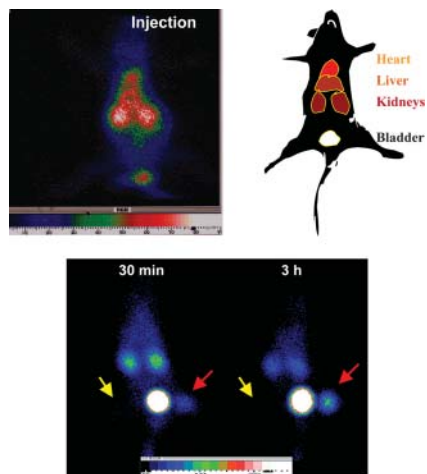


THIS MONTH IN JNM

Weber looks at the potential for PET in improving the efficiency of the drug development process, focusing on heat shock protein 90, a molecular chaperon involved in protein folding in cellular signaling, proliferation, invasion, and angiogenesis. **Page 735**

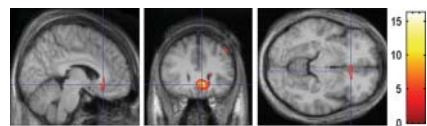
O'Donnell highlights the possibilities of cancer cell-targeting radiopharmaceuticals and previews an article in this issue on a novel radiolabeled monoclonal antibody approach with nuclear localizing sequences. **Page 738**



Van Laere and colleagues apply ^{18}F -FDG PET to an exploration of the mechanisms behind beneficial effects observed in patients undergoing high-frequency anterior capsular stimulation for treatment of refractory obsessive-compulsive disorder. **Page 740**

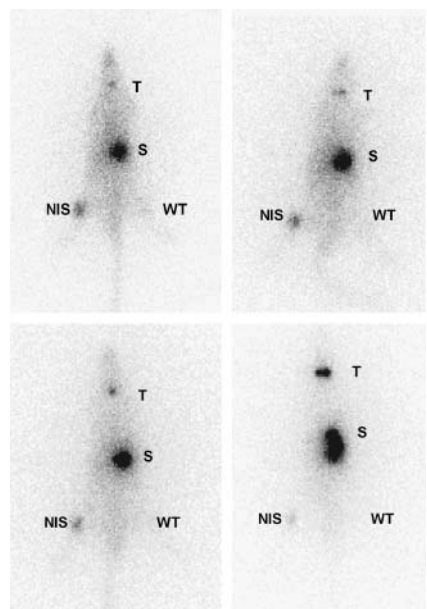
Newberg and colleagues measure the whole-body biokinetics and radiation dosimetry of ^{123}I -IMPY and report on the pharmacologic safety of this novel radiopharmaceutical that selectively binds to amyloid plaques in Alzheimer's disease. **Page 748**

Schöder and colleagues report on the utility and limitations of ^{18}F -FDG PET/CT in identifying lymph node metastases in a segment of patients with oral cancer and clinically and radiographically negative neck findings. **Page 755**



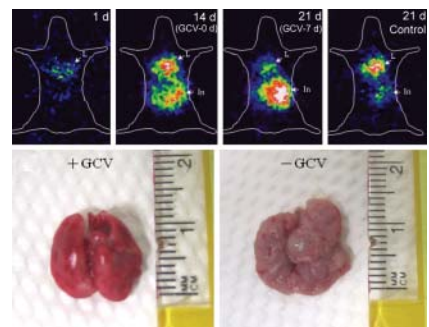
Beer and colleagues describe dosimetry studies with ^{18}F -galacto-RGD, a novel PET tracer for imaging of $\alpha\nu\beta 3$ expression, in a group of patients with various cancers. **Page 763**

de Geus-Oei and colleagues explore the potential of ^{18}F -FDG PET for reducing the number of unnecessary hemithyroidectomies in the preoperative assessment of thyroid nodules in patients with inconclusive fine-needle aspiration biopsy results. **Page 770**



Floeth and colleagues assess the differential diagnostic value of PET using ^{18}F -FET in patients with newly diagnosed solitary intracerebral lesions showing ring enhancement on contrast-enhanced MRI. **Page 776**

Millet and colleagues describe a novel quantitative approach with SPECT to study the interaction between ^{123}I -IMZ and benzodiazepine receptors. **Page 783**



Smith-Jones and colleagues compare ^{68}Ga -DOTA-F(ab')₂-herceptin PET and ^{18}F -FDG PET in a mouse model in predicting tumor response to 17AAG, one of a new class of drugs currently in early clinical trials for breast cancer. **Page 793**

Hoffmann and colleagues provide detailed information on performing state-of-the-art coronary CT angiography, including patient preparation, image acquisition, and evaluation techniques, and review potential clinical applications and limitations. **Page 797**

Uusijärvi and colleagues investigate the suitability of several electron- and positron-emitting radiolanthanides for radionuclide therapy, with special reference to dosimetric and production possibilities. **Page 807**

Frankle and colleagues define an optimal analytic method to derive accurate

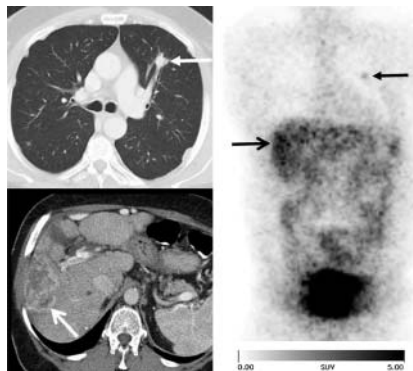
serotonin transporter receptor parameters with ^{11}C -DASB PET, a technique with promise in enhancing the quality of information derived in clinical studies of depression, schizophrenia, and addictive behaviors. **Page 815**

Chen and colleagues report on toxicity studies of the anti-CD33 monoclonal antibody, HuM195, modified with targeting peptides and labeled with ^{111}In and discuss the promise of this agent in targeted radiotherapy for acute myeloid leukemia. **Page 827**



Cho and colleagues describe in vitro evaluations using ^3H -AMP with tumor cell lines to explore the potential of ^{11}C -AMP for targeting the nucleoside transport pathway in PET imaging of tumors. . . . **Page 837**

Tolmachev and colleagues perform in vitro and in vivo studies to determine whether an ^{111}In -labeled affibody molecule



can be used for imaging HER2 overexpression and discuss the implications for imaging and targeted therapy of breast cancer. **Page 846**

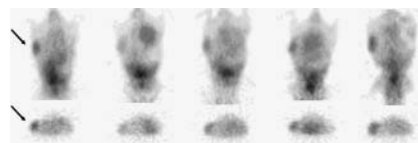
Chen and colleagues explore the feasibility of radioiodine therapy involving the targeting of hepatoma cells by tissue-specific expression of the human sodium/iodide symporter gene directed by the murine albumin enhancer and promoter. **Page 854**

Hosokawa and colleagues report on a method for identifying coronary vulnerable plaques with a catheter-based in-

travascular radiation detector and ^{18}F -FDG. **Page 863**

Khaw and colleagues investigate the use of bispecific antibody complexes and $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ -labeled negatively charged polymers for in vivo visualization of very small atherosclerotic lesions in a mouse model. **Page 868**

Deng and colleagues describe the use of ^{131}I -FIAU for assessing lung metastases in a mouse model and discuss the implications for future nuclear medicine techniques to monitor the efficacy of gene delivery and expression. **Page 877**



Delbeke and colleagues present the full text of a new SNM guideline compiled to assist physicians in recommending, performing, interpreting, and reporting the results of ^{18}F -FDG PET/CT for oncologic imaging of adult and pediatric patients. **Page 885**

ON THE COVER

Images illustrating ^{18}F -FET PET findings false positive for malignancy in a 50-y-old woman with a demyelinating lesion. MRI (top left) shows a ring-enhancing lesion; ^{18}F -FET PET (top right) shows significant uptake, indicating neoplasia; photomicrography of a CD68-immunostained biopsy specimen (bottom left) shows an acute demyelinating lesion with massive invasion of macrophages; and immunohistochemistry for neurofilaments (bottom right) shows persisting axonal processes but also axonal damage within the lesion.

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